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To See the President at the White House  
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Very Little Formality But Were  
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A Report That New York Merchants  
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for Greenbacks—Other News.  
Washington, April 24.—The order of  
nobility paid its respects to democracy this  
afternoon at the white house when the  
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brated. The party was held in the  
grand ball room of the Arlington hotel  
and arrived at the mansion exactly at 3  
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the duke was his wife, the Duchess de  
Vergara, his brother, Marquis de Broglie,  
and also his son, Christopher Columbus de  
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VOL. XXVI.

## CALL OF THE DUKE

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Secretary Carlisle left the treasury  
department early this afternoon. He could not  
be seen in regard to the report from New  
York that at a conference with New York  
banks, Subtreasurer Jordan had received  
an offer of \$200,000,000 in gold from the  
treasury for greenbacks. Among the older  
treasury officials who served under Sec-  
retary Carlisle, the duke and his son,  
Christopher Columbus de Vergara, were  
held in high esteem as a man of  
ideas and fruitful in resources and they be-  
lieve he will be successful in his endeavor  
to replenish the gold in the treasury.

#### Adjustment of a Grant.

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#### Complaint of the Choctaws.

A delegation of Choctaw Indians represent-  
ing the Jones faction had an interview to-  
day with Secretary Smith. They presented  
a petition which was legally constituted  
and the whole difficulty has grown out  
of the refusal of the Locke people to  
recognize his legally constituted authority.  
A number of the Locke followers, it was  
asserted, had been indicted and convicted  
under the law of various crimes and the  
effect made by the courts was to confirm  
the law and to carry into effect the sen-  
tences imposed had met with armed resistance.  
The governor asks to be sustained by his  
respective sides, the Choctaws and the  
Lockes, in prosecuting the case and it is  
the secretary's intention to take up the  
case and dispose of it at an early date.  
Unless an unforeseen reason for its post-  
ponement should arise, the case will be  
presented on May 30th. All of the commis-  
sioners have tendered their resignations  
and all but one of them, Mr. Henry W. Car-  
roll, president of the Choctaw National bank  
of New York City, has been re-appointed.  
It is understood that the Choctaw  
National bank of New York City, has  
been requested to withdraw his resignation.

#### The Souvenir Question.

The directors of the mint, with the ap-  
proval of Secretary Carlisle, has deter-  
mined to design for the souvenir quarter dol-  
lar and today forwarded to the board of  
advisers, for their opinion, two mod-  
els of the head of Isabella, which will ap-  
pear on the face of the coin, one represent-  
ing her as the young queen, a very beau-  
tiful profile, and the other as a mature  
woman, a front face view. The secretary

and director prefer the profile view, but  
will be governed by the majority of the  
board of managers. The design for the  
reverse will consist of a figure of a  
man, kneeling, holding a distaff, em-  
blematic of woman's industry.  
The lettering on the reverse will be  
"board of lady managers" above and  
"figures and below the words  
"Columbian quarter dollar." On the  
verse, or face, the lettering will be "United  
States of America, 1893."

#### Cartier Returns to Hawaii.

Commissioner Carter, representing the  
Hawaiian provisional government in this  
country for the past two months, called  
upon Secretary Gresham this morning and  
notified him that he had received the per-  
mission of his government to return and  
that in pursuance of that permission he  
would start for San Francisco tomorrow  
and sail on the Belgic May 4th. Subse-  
quently Mr. Carter said that he had a very  
pleasant interview with Secretary Gresham,  
but that it had no political significance.  
The situation in Hawaii was quiet and  
Mr. Carter hoped that he would receive  
advice from Commissioner Blount before  
further steps should be taken. Mr. Carter  
also said that the provisional government  
had determined to send a minister to  
succeed Dr. Smith and that the minister  
would arrive in this country within the  
next few months or six weeks.

#### Other Men.

A delegation from Washington, headed by  
Senator Squire, called on Assistant Sec-  
retary McAdoo, of the navy department  
today and asked that the McAdoo be  
appointed to the position of collector of  
the Great Northern railroad. Secretary  
McAdoo took the matter under con-  
sideration, but it is hardly probable that  
the McAdoo will be appointed to the  
position for several months.

Secretary Morton has appointed Major  
H. H. Cleveland, of the navy department,  
to the position of collector of the Great  
Northern railroad, vice Major S. S.  
Rockwood, resigned, to take effect May  
1st. Major Dunwoody has been connected  
with the navy department for many  
years. Secretary Gresham denies the cir-  
culation of the rumor that Mr. Paoli, ex-  
minister to Chile, has been recalled.

At the close of the spring meeting of  
the Washington Jockey Club at Benning,  
the track was favored with fine weather,  
a fair track and a large and fashionable  
attendance.

#### CONFERENCE WITH THE BANKERS.

Sub-Treasurer Jordan Arranging to Get Gold  
for the Treasury.

New York, April 24.—Mr. Jordan and  
his associates were present at a confer-  
ence today with the New York banks.  
It was rumored that the New York  
banks, as the result of the conference,  
would loan \$100,000,000 to the treasury  
for greenbacks. The proposition of Mr.  
Carlisle is said to have been to raise  
\$200,000,000 of gold. Among the plans  
discussed were an issue of bonds and a tem-  
porary loan.

At the close of the plans had some advocates  
among the bankers. Mr. Carlisle preferred  
to obtain the gold supply by exchange for  
greenbacks, but the bankers did not wish  
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As soon as all the reporters were assembled  
in Subtreasurer Jordan's room, he said  
that he had received a communication from  
the New York banks, which was to the  
effect that they would loan \$100,000,000  
to the treasury for greenbacks. The propo-  
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## FILLED WITH LEAD

Was the Body of a Negro, Suspected of  
a Terrible Crime.

### ALTHOUGH NOT FULLY IDENTIFIED

A Mob Determined to Take His Life,  
and Did.

### HE SURRENDERED TO THE GOVERNOR

And Was Given Over to Trial Before  
Judge Lynch—A Highly Sensational  
Affair in South Carolina.

Denmark, S. C., April 24.—(Special.)—  
The excitement that has prevailed in this  
usually quiet little town since the outrage  
of Miss Maudie Baxter on the 14th instant,  
and which culminated so near in the  
lynching of Henry Williams on Friday last,  
was renewed by the bringing of John  
Peterson, the negro who surrendered him-  
self to Governor Tillman on Saturday last,  
back here this morning.

At every station below Columbia the  
crowds have increased, many of them com-  
ing here.

When the train arrived here at least 100  
men awaited it with about fifty disembark-  
ing.

The negro was at once taken to Senator  
Mayfield's office, together with his witnesses  
by whom he hoped to establish an alibi,  
and a citizen's court opened by about fifteen  
of the most influential and older men of  
the town. Senator Mayfield and ex-  
Senator Sojourner acted as interrogators.  
Peterson was allowed to tell his own story  
of his whereabouts from Monday prior to  
the crime, until the Sunday after. He  
claimed to have left here on Wednesday  
morning prior, going to North where he  
remained until Sunday. His story was  
closely corroborated by three or four ne-  
groes from North and partially by one  
white man. The witnesses then put up  
the former story he saw Peterson here on  
Thursday prior to the crime, the latter that  
he played cards here on Thursday night  
and left on Friday morning, going toward  
the scene of the crime. Two white men  
swore that the woman with whom he  
claimed to have stopped with on Thursday  
night told them that Peterson was here  
and was guilty of the crime in his opinion.

Peterson was then taken before Miss  
Baxter, nearly every one agreeing that  
evidence was strongly against him. Miss  
Baxter and her little brother both failed  
to identify him. Up to this time the crowd  
and been cool, but determined.

The return of the prisoner under Con-  
stable Weeks was slow and the crowd in  
the meantime, began to doubt the girl's  
ability to tell who her assailant was. Mea-  
while her father returned and gave way to  
tears and rage, saying she would never  
be able to identify.

The excited crowd and they began  
to clamor for hanging. When the prisoner  
arrived it looked as if he would be taken  
over and lynched. Constable Weeks said  
the first man who put hands on him while  
in his care he would kill and he drew his  
pistol. They carried him to the guardhouse  
and locked him up.

All the afternoon it has looked as if  
lynching could not be prevented. Messrs.  
Mayfield, Sojourner and others pleaded for  
patience, urging the holding of Peterson  
until his comrades, Joe Mitchell and Har-  
vey Waite, could be arrested. White has  
been arrested in Blackville and is now  
on the way here. Things still look un-  
favorable for Peterson and it is not done to  
death tonight I will be surprised. A negro  
preacher is now in the prison praying with  
him and endeavoring briefly to prepare  
him for death.

#### Peterson Taken from Jail.

Later.—Harvey Waite arrived here at  
7 o'clock, and was taken to the jail. Miss  
Baxter. Before anything was heard from  
there the mob became impatient, broke  
the prison open took Peterson out and  
have gone to the scene of the crime three  
miles away, where he will be executed  
within the hour.

#### The Lynching Took Place.

Denmark, S. C., April 24.—(Special.)—  
The excitement of the popular mind, pres-  
ent at 9 o'clock, in the lynching of John  
Peterson, an infuriated mob of 500 per-  
sons, who filled his body with bullets  
while it dangled from a tree. There is  
every reason to believe that Peterson was  
innocent and that the mob, in its fury,  
wreaked its vengeance on the wrong person.  
Peterson had been suspected of the crime  
and was hunted by the country people and  
went to Columbia last Saturday and de-  
livered himself to the governor for his pro-  
tection. The governor today turned him  
over to a constable to be taken to Den-  
mark, and wired a deputy to take him  
and the witnesses whom Peterson claimed  
could establish an alibi for him.

Miss Baxter, as stated above, failed to  
identify Peterson as her assailant; in fact  
she stated positively that she did not know  
the man. After her father came to town and  
declared his daughter could not identify  
the man who assaulted her, fire was added  
to the flame. Somebody had to die and  
somebody had to be lynched.

Peterson was carried up the railroad  
track a short distance. A noose was  
placed around his neck and it was tied to  
a bent sapling. Some one cried "let 'er  
go," and the unfortunate man's body shot  
up into the air filled by a thousand bullets.  
Peterson's hands and feet were not tied  
and he must have swooned away before his  
neck cracked. The crowd stayed around  
him and fired bullets into the body and  
then dispersed.

#### Governor Tillman Criticized.

Columbia, S. C., April 24.—(Special.)—  
Governor Tillman's action in allowing Pe-  
tersen to go before the mob in his frenzied  
condition to be tried by Judge Lynch's  
court is meeting with the severest con-  
demnation here. His action is regarded as  
having been an invitation to the mob to  
take the negro and pass upon his case in  
his own way.

#### QUESTIONS T'Y DISCUSSED.

Meeting of the Emperor of Germany and the  
Pope.  
Rome, April 24.—The official circle here  
understands that during the interview yes-  
terday between Pope Leo and the German  
emperor, the pope and the emperor dis-  
cussed questions relating to the position  
of the Roman Catholic church in Germany,  
and especially the attitude of the members  
of the center or clerical party toward the  
imperial policy. The emperor's friendly con-  
versation and his valuable gift of a snuff box

bearing his portrait, surrounded by di-  
amonds, to Cardinal Ledochowski, the pre-  
fect of the propaganda, is much commented  
upon.

#### IT WAS VERY BRILLIANT.

The Great Naval Review in Hampton Roads  
Yesterday.  
Port Monroe, Va., April 24.—The naval  
review at Hampton Roads is now a thing  
of the past and will go down into history  
as one of the most brilliant marine pa-  
rades of modern times. The officers and  
men on the fleet were up and stirring at  
an early hour this morning getting ready  
for the start, which was fixed at 9 o'clock.  
It was half past 9, however, before the  
Philadelphia got under way and started up  
the roads to the west end of the fleet.  
She was quickly followed by the Newark,  
Atlanta, San Francisco, Bancroft, Pen-  
nington and Baltimore of Admiral Benham's  
squadron, and the Chicago, York, and  
Washington of the second squadron, under  
Walker. Upon arriving at a point about  
five miles away the White squadron wheel-  
ed into line and came down past the fort  
and stood out to sea.

#### The White Squadron.

In the meantime the Dolphin with Sec-  
retary Herbert and party got under way  
and steamed up the roads with one fleet  
when they were met by the White squad-  
ron. The movements of the other ves-  
sels. As the White squadron came down  
the roads they were joined by the Holland  
and the two German vessels, "Kaiserin  
Augusta" and "Sea Adler," which com-  
pleted the first or port column.

The British fleet, with Vice Admiral  
Hopkins as commander in chief, and con-  
sisting of the Blake as the flagship, Aus-  
tralia, and the two German vessels, "Kaiserin  
Augusta" and "Sea Adler," which com-  
pleted the first or port column.

Russia came next, with Vice Admiral  
Kosenkoff commander in chief on the flag-  
ship "Dimitri Denoski," followed by the  
widest of the Russian fleet. France fol-  
lowed with Rear Admiral Delibraun  
commander in chief, in the flagship Ar-  
thur, and Hussard and Jean Bart fol-  
lowing.

Italy came next under Rear Admiral  
Macnaghi with Elena and Giovanna Ban-  
santi, Brazil brought up the rear of the  
column, with the Admiral's consort, the  
Noreña, as commander in chief on "Aqui-  
daban," and accompanied by Tiraxenta  
and the Russian fleet. The foreigners did  
not make the signal to turn and the line  
as did the White squadron, but took  
their places in line from the anchorage.

#### Excursion Steamers and Yachts.

While the fleets were getting under way  
the yachts, excursion steamers and tug  
boats of all descriptions crowded with  
visitors, many of which accompanied the  
fleet. The ramports of the fort were black  
with visitors. The piazzas of the Hygea  
were packed with ladies waving dutiful  
handkerchiefs and the national airs of the  
various countries were heard from the  
ships.

When the fleet had all passed the hotel,  
the little torpedo boat, Cushing, came out  
and the line of the fleet passed down  
the river. The fleet passed down the river  
and the line of the fleet passed down the  
river. The fleet passed down the river and  
the line of the fleet passed down the river.

#### TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

Naples, April 24.—



















**MEETINGS.**  
Regular communication of Gate City Club, No. 2, F. & A. M., will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock, at the hall, 100 Capital Street.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

**CONSTITUTION OFFICE.**  
Atlanta, April 25, 1893.  
Business today.

**Local Bond and Stock Quotations.**  
New York exchange buying at par selling at 113.30.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

Atlanta, April 25, 1893.	Atlanta, April 25, 1893.
U. S. 5% 100 100 1/2	Atlanta, April 25, 1893.
U. S. 4% 100 100	U. S. 5% 100 100 1/2
U. S. 3% 100 100	U. S. 4% 100 100
U. S. 2% 100 100	U. S. 3% 100 100
U. S. 1% 100 100	U. S. 2% 100 100
U. S. 0% 100 100	U. S. 1% 100 100
U. S. -1% 100 100	U. S. 0% 100 100
U. S. -2% 100 100	U. S. -1% 100 100
U. S. -3% 100 100	U. S. -2% 100 100
U. S. -4% 100 100	U. S. -3% 100 100
U. S. -5% 100 100	U. S. -4% 100 100
U. S. -6% 100 100	U. S. -5% 100 100
U. S. -7% 100 100	U. S. -6% 100 100
U. S. -8% 100 100	U. S. -7% 100 100
U. S. -9% 100 100	U. S. -8% 100 100
U. S. -10% 100 100	U. S. -9% 100 100
U. S. -11% 100 100	U. S. -10% 100 100
U. S. -12% 100 100	U. S. -11% 100 100
U. S. -13% 100 100	U. S. -12% 100 100
U. S. -14% 100 100	U. S. -13% 100 100
U. S. -15% 100 100	U. S. -14% 100 100
U. S. -16% 100 100	U. S. -15% 100 100
U. S. -17% 100 100	U. S. -16% 100 100
U. S. -18% 100 100	U. S. -17% 100 100
U. S. -19% 100 100	U. S. -18% 100 100
U. S. -20% 100 100	U. S. -19% 100 100

## THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York market for the New York Stock

NEW YORK, April 24.—The stock market

opened strong today on purchases by opera-

tors, and the market was generally

strong, with the exception of a few

stocks, which were weak.

The market was generally strong

and the closing prices were

as follows:

U. S. 5% 100 100 1/2

U. S. 4% 100 100

U. S. 3% 100 100

U. S. 2% 100 100

U. S. 1% 100 100

U. S. 0% 100 100

U. S. -1% 100 100

U. S. -2% 100 100

U. S. -3% 100 100

U. S. -4% 100 100

U. S. -5% 100 100

U. S. -6% 100 100

U. S. -7% 100 100

U. S. -8% 100 100

U. S. -9% 100 100

U. S. -10% 100 100

U. S. -11% 100 100

U. S. -12% 100 100

U. S. -13% 100 100

U. S. -14% 100 100

U. S. -15% 100 100

U. S. -16% 100 100

U. S. -17% 100 100

U. S. -18% 100 100

U. S. -19% 100 100

U. S. -20% 100 100

U. S. -21% 100 100

U. S. -22% 100 100

U. S. -23% 100 100

U. S. -24% 100 100

U. S. -25% 100 100

U. S. -26% 100 100

U. S. -27% 100 100

U. S. -28% 100 100

U. S. -29% 100 100

U. S. -30% 100 100

U. S. -31% 100 100

U. S. -32% 100 100

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U. S. -35% 100 100

U. S. -36% 100 100

U. S. -37% 100 100

U. S. -38% 100 100

U. S. -39% 100 100

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U. S. -95% 100 100

U. S. -96% 100 100

U. S. -97% 100 100

U. S. -98% 100 100

U. S. -99% 100 100

U. S. -100% 100 100

daily improved April 24, 1893, at 11.15 points above the closing quotations of Saturday. There appears to be a better sentiment in the Liverpool market, and our cables tell us there is a large short interest based upon the fear of financial difficulties here. There has been a disposition to take profits, and a portion of the improvement has been lost. At the time of writing this letter, the market was generally strong, with the exception of a few stocks, which were weak. The market was generally strong and the closing prices were as follows:

U. S. 5% 100 100 1/2

U. S. 4% 100 100

U. S. 3% 100 100

U. S. 2% 100 100

U. S. 1% 100 100

U. S. 0% 100 100

U. S. -1% 100 100

U. S. -2% 100 100

U. S. -3% 100 100

U. S. -4% 100 100

U. S. -5% 100 100

U. S. -6% 100 100

U. S. -7% 100 100

U. S. -8% 100 100

U. S. -9% 100 100

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# TOMORROW THE DAY. A SLIGHT COOLNESS

Atlanta Will Honor the Memory of Her Confederate Dead.

A SPLENDID PARADE IN THE STREETS.

General Holtsclaw, Alabama's Old War Horse, in Town.

HE WILL SPEAK TOMORROW AFTERNOON

A Brilliant Programme for Memorial Day—All the Soldiers to March to the Sound of the Drum.

It is going to be a great day this year, in very truth.

Atlanta always knows what to do on Memorial Day, and this year she will have one of the grandest celebrations in honor of the dead heroes of the southern confederacy ever witnessed in a southern city.

The full programme, a complete outline of which was given Sunday's Constitution, was furnished by Colonel W. L. Calhoun, yesterday for publication. It shows with what earnestness the authorities

are going to work this year for the success of Memorial Day. It shows that the spirit of reverence and respect that has so long characterized the memory of the lost cause, cherished by the patriotic citizens of Atlanta, will not soon fade away and die.

It gives the free promise of a splendid celebration out at the cemetery tomorrow. It goes further and tells in no mistakable way that the demonstrations in the streets that day will far surpass anything of the kind ever before witnessed in Atlanta on previous Memorial Days.

The military boys are fully in sympathy with the movement to make it a grand day that will turn one in mass to march in the parade and render all the tribute they can with their life appearance to the memory of the soldiers who sleep beneath the sod of Oakland.

Where They Will Meet.

The following order from headquarters is of interest to those desiring to participate in the exercises of Memorial Day:

Headquarters Confederate Veterans' Association, Atlanta, April 24, 1893.—The members of this association, and all confederate veterans of the city, are invited to participate in the memorial exercises, will assemble at the Confederate hall at 2:30 o'clock p. m. the 25th instant, and report to Vice President F. T. Ryan for formation.

Order of Procession and Exercises.

Headquarters Confederate Veterans' Association, Atlanta, April 24, 1893.—Under the direction of the National Association the following order of formation of the procession and of the exercises at the cemetery will be observed:

Colonel W. L. Calhoun, commander.

Alida-Colonel, Major W. P. Slaton, Colonel A. J. West, Captain W. D. Ellis, Captain Cleveland Wilson, Captain G. B. Adair, Lieutenant A. P. Woodward, Lieutenant Clarence Everett.

Mounted Police.

Atlanta Military Band.

Fourth Cavalry—Captain A. B. Connelly, Commanding.

Atlanta Rifles.

Capital City Guards.

Gate City Guards.

Hibernian Rifles.

Battalion of Cadets—Georgia Military Institute—Captain W. L. Calhoun, Commanding.

Police Battalion—Captain A. B. Connelly, Commanding.

Knight of Pythias—Captain A. B. Connelly, Commanding.

Catholic Knights of America.

Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Confederate Veterans—Vice President F. T. Ryan, Commanding.

Civil Societies.

Atlanta Artillery.

Governor's Horse Guard.

Mrs. John Milledge, president, and Ladies of the Memorial Association.

General Holtsclaw, General J. T. Holtsclaw, orator of the day; Ministers and Past Commanders William C. Hasting, county and Mayor and General Council, State, county and City Officials.

Delegation from the Federation of Trades in Carriages.

The line will be formed on North Forsyth street, right of way at its junction with Peachtree. All organizations will report on North Forsyth street, between Marietta and Peachtree streets at 9 o'clock p. m. sharp and take their respective positions as above.

Should there not be room on Forsyth street the line will be extended west along the north side of Marietta street. The procession will move at precisely 3:30 o'clock.

Peachtree to Marietta, to Broad, to Alabama, to Whitehall, to Hunter, to cemetery. When the veterans reach the monument the procession will halt—the Artillery will continue to the hill beyond and at the signal from the commander a salute as heretofore—the cavalry moving forward far enough to permit the carriages to reach the avenue opposite the monument on the south.

The carriages containing the ladies of the Memorial Association, the governor, orator, ministers, mayor and general council, state, county and city officials will be admitted to the cemetery, the occupants approaching the monument through the south avenue opposite same. All others will be excluded.

Exercise at the Cemetery.

Opening Prayer by Rev. Dr. G. B. Strickler.

Music.

Address by General J. T. Holtsclaw.

Closing Prayer and Benediction by Rev. Dr. T. P. Cleveland, Chaplain of the Association.

Devotion of Graves.

Artillery Salute.

W. L. CALHOUN, Commander.

All invited to join.

All the confederate veterans of adjoining counties and neighboring towns are cordially invited to join the Fulton County association and march to the cemetery. All members of the latter association are requested to attend.

General Holtsclaw's Speech.

The speech of General Holtsclaw will be one of the best ever heard at the cemetery. General Holtsclaw is one of the most stalwart men left in the south to tell what kind of soldiers we had. He is fine looking and is a good speaker. His speech will not be but a half hour in length, but it will be a very good one, there is no doubt.

He was one of the best officers of the southern army, and was always in the thickest of the fighting. He went to work with all the grace he could command after the war and was for a long time a leading lawyer before the courts of Alabama. He is now a member of the railroad commission of that state, and is regarded as one of the ablest men in Alabama.

SEE THE

Lace Curtains on sale at M. Rich & Bros. this week at \$1 per pair worth \$2.50.

Said to Have Existed Between the Hill's and Ed McCandless.

REDWINE INVESTIGATION YESTERDAY.

Mr. Jim Collins, the County Commissioner Appears as a Witness—Seventeen Indictments Were Returned.

The trend of the Redwine investigation appears to be in the direction that there was something wrong with the daily management of the Gate City bank's affairs, or at least if nothing essentially wrong, there was some mismanagement.

The presidents of several of the Atlanta banks have been before the grand jury and yesterday Mr. Peter Clarke and Mr. Porter Woodson were examined. The other witnesses were Messrs. W. H. Patterson, his clerk Hubbard Brown and James Collins.

And in regard to any mismanagement—not in the sense of illegal transactions—the friends of Mr. Ed McCandless say that he was not responsible, and that if he had been allowed to have a voice in the matter, affairs might have terminated differently.

"Ed was turned down once or twice by the Hills," said one of Mr. Ed McCandless's warm personal friends, "in a couple of business affairs, and they didn't get along quite so well afterwards. While there was no open rupture a slight coolness existed between them, in fact Redwine had more authority, according to my mind, than Ed did."

"Just about two or three months before the bank closed Ed came to me and asked me if I thought he should accept a certain offer. The offer was for the same amount that he was receiving at the Gate City bank. Finally he decided not to accept it unless they would guarantee to give him employment for five years. They reached no agreement, and the matter dropped through, after quite a little talk. Ed, as you know, stayed with the bank, all of which, if there remained any doubt in the minds of reasonable men, the Hills had one iota's knowledge of the transactions that were wrecking their bank and their fortune, for I know that they were taken up with the Hills' business proceedings, and their only fault was that they trusted in him too implicitly."

How Long Had It Continued?

The most important witness in the Redwine case yesterday morning was Mr. Jim Collins. Not for any evidence that he was able to give, but from the fact that a certain paper of his, one which he had in vain searched for, and at last turned up, was in the hands of the grand jury.

And the date on this paper, which was a note dated 1890, was found in the hands of Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins's testimony before the grand jury was to the effect that about three years ago he bought a Marietta street from Captain Harry Jackson for \$1,000. The money was to be paid in three payments, and the first two payments were made right enough, and settled through the bank. The third note, however, was discounted by the holder and it was taken up by Mr. Collins.

Mr. Collins said that he was somewhat surprised when he was called upon to testify before the grand jury in regard to his paid note, the whereabouts of which he did not know. He said that he was somewhat surprised when he was called upon to testify before the grand jury in regard to his paid note, the whereabouts of which he did not know.

Nature of the Case.

Seventeen True Bills Returned.

In the midst of the Redwine investigation the grand jury found time to return seventeen true bills against the Carrollton white cappers for conspiracy against witnesses of the United States. There was a number of witnesses to testify against the conspirators, and it did not take the grand jury long to find the indictments.

The white cappers are charged in the true bills with having gone to the home of the Britts, in Carroll county on the night of March 22d and severely and brutally whipped the inmates of the house, which included two women. The alleged cause of the whipping was because the Britts were witnesses in a certain revenue case.

The names of the alleged conspirators are as follows:

Robert Ayers, Henry Benford, Price Benford, John Pollard, Green Simpkins, John Brooks, John Dukes, Fred Dukes, Wiley Dukes, John Plomons, Will Chambers, Rich Bird, Dan Rogers and Pless Wright.

Where Science ends and Common Sense should rule. Persons of sedentary habits are liable to indigestion or dyspepsia. These, in turn, will bring on nervous disorders, kidney complaints, constipation, etc. This is especially the case with merchants, students and scientists. They will give you the exact dimensions of Jupiter, the distance from Saturn to the sun, to a foot, but they cannot or will not tell themselves what will cure this train of disorders.

For ailments resulting from sedentary habits—inactivity of the liver, habitual constipation, etc.—the entire medical fraternity of Europe and America almost unanimously recommend the genuine Carlsbad Sprudel Salt and the Waters of Carlsbad.

Eisner & Mendelson Co., Sole Agents, 241 and 242 Franklin street, New York.

Marietta and North Georgia railway, commencing April 24th, through coach will run daily between Atlanta and Knoxville, Tenn., via Western and Atlantic and Marietta and North Georgia railroad.

Leave Atlanta 8:10 a. m. and arrive Marietta 6:20 p. m. For tickets and information apply at Western and Atlantic ticket office.

General Passenger Agent.

J. B. GLOVER, Receiver.

april 21-1m

WORLD'S FAIR SCHEDULE.

The Quickest and Best Route Is by the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

The Western and Atlantic railroad and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway have double daily schedules Atlanta to Chicago via Nashville. Leave Atlanta 8:10 a. m. arrive Chicago 10:40 a. m. Leave Atlanta 8:20 p. m. arrive Chicago 10 p. m. These trains connect at Nashville in union depot with Pullman vestibule trains Nashville to Chicago through without change. Elegant dining cars attached to vestibule trains. april 21-1m

# It Might Have Been

These are the saddest words of tongue or pen. You may never have realized their full import, but if you buy your spring suit before seeing our stock you will only have to see it and get our prices to fully appreciate your loss and what "might have been" if you had come to us first.

Black and blue chevrons in single and double-breasted are the most popular suits now. We can sell you these at from \$10 to \$22.50 in all the grades. They are cut long this season and are made to fit. We have a large line of light colored suits, too. They are pretty enough to eat.

A look at them is enough to cure "that tired feeling" that comes with spring. Our line of clay worsted suits in both sack and cutaway is superb and ranges in price from \$15 to \$30 and our stock of trousers is worth a Sabbath day's journey to see.

Suits and trousers made to order at popular prices.

LUMPKIN, COLE & STEWART, CLOTHIERS,

26 Whitehall Street.

RECEIVER'S SALE

OF THE

Atlanta and Florida Railroad

UNDER and by virtue of a judgment and order of sale rendered by the superior court of Fulton county, Ga., on the 14th day of April, 1893, in the suit No. 253, spring term, 1892, wherein E. W. Marsh and others are plaintiffs and the Atlanta and Florida railroad and others are defendants, the undersigned receiver, appointed by the superior court of Fulton county, in said cause, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, before the county courthouse, located in the city of Atlanta, Ga., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m., on the first Tuesday in May, to-wit: the 2nd day of May, 1893, the following properties of the defendant, the Atlanta and Florida railroad Company, as an entirety, free from all liens, mortgages, deeds of trust, judgments and incumbrances of every character whatsoever, to-wit: All the property, rights and franchises of the said Atlanta and Florida railroad Company, consisting of the railroad of said railroad, and extending southwardly through the counties of Fulton, Clayton, Fayette, Spalding, Paulding, Monroe, Crawford and into the county of Houston, Texas, a distance of about 100 miles, and also all its lands, buildings, bridges, fences, tracks, depots, stations, stock houses, section houses, work shops and other buildings of every kind, and also all the property, real, personal and mixed, owned or possessed by the said railroad Company, and in connection with said line of railroad, and all appurtenances, fixtures and contents of any kind, and also all the rolling stock, including engines, tenders, cars, engines and machinery, passenger or freight cars, and all other property, real, personal or mixed, owned or possessed by the said railroad Company, and in connection with said line of railroad, and all appurtenances, fixtures and contents of any kind, and also all the rolling stock, including engines, tenders, cars, engines and machinery, passenger or freight cars, and all other property, real, personal or mixed, owned or possessed by the said railroad Company, and in connection with said line of railroad, and all appurtenances, fixtures and contents of any kind, and also all the rolling stock, 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## Thinking About.

Do you know that there are lots of dealers who are imposing on you? They are selling an old orange pepper whisky that is not genuine.

We are agents for the "pure quill" you can tell it by its green label and cap.

## Look Here!

Do you know that there are lots of dealers who are imposing on you? They are selling an old orange pepper whisky that is not genuine.

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## AT THE CAPITOL.

Governor Northern Soon to Appoint a State Geologist.

MR. BEN HALL HAS STRONG CLAIMS.

All of the Statehouse Officers Going Out Memorial Day—The State Military Encampment.

The governor will in a few days make the appointment of the state geologist to succeed Dr. J. W. Spencer.

He has before him nearly a dozen applications for the place and has yet made up his mind on no particular one of them above the others. All of the applicants give splendid credits and evidences of ability, and one or two of them make extraordinary showings in their own behalf in the way of recommendations from responsible and knowing parties.

Among the number, perhaps, none are better endorsed than is Mr. Benjamin Hall, of this city. Mr. Hall is a graduate of the State university of Athens and has had a great deal of experience not only in this state but in other countries as well. He is thoroughly familiar with the geology of Georgia. He was born and reared in the very heart of the mineral region of the state and knows every vein in the region by heart. He has been in the fields of Georgia's geology ever since he left the university. He graduated with a distinction in the department of mining engineering.

Mr. Hall has presented the governor with numerous endorsements from representatives and senators of all regions of Georgia. He also brings from the state university a letter of recommendation from all the members of the faculty. They all remember him to have been a hard student in this particular branch of his study. There are many things in Mr. Hall's favor, and it goes without saying that he will receive grave and favorable consideration from the governor bearing upon his application, if nothing more.

Some of the applicants are from distant states, but they all give good references. Captain Jordan, of the secretary of state's office at the capitol, is busy with the tedious task of getting out a pamphlet giving a list of all the railroads ever chartered in the state with the time they were chartered, and the characterizing features of the charter.

The little book will also contain all of the subsequent amendments to the charters of the roads and will be of great value to the lawyers and railroad men. It is something that has never been thought of before but will save much trouble to those who are compelled to be always studying the charters of railroads and railroad legislation.

The statehouse will be closed on the afternoon of Memorial Day and the other day the state will all go out to pay their part of the tribute of respect to be given on that day to the memory of the dead heroes of the confederacy.

General Phil Cook never misses a day if he is able to go out to these occasions, and he has himself, for many years, that he has lived to see so many Memorial Days. He was a soldier such as we can laurels like the knights of old, and he loves to see the people feel so kindly of this day to the memory of the old south. Then, there is Captain Bill Wright, the man who swung on to the coast tail of his illustrious father and to the west as a child, despite the opposition of his parents. Captain Wright always goes to Memorial Day celebrations. They will all be out that day and will be earnest listeners as the programme of the day proceeds.

Although the state encampment this year is not until the month of July, the interest of the contractors down at Griffin is moving along finely and the repairs will soon be made complete. The barracks are being renovated, the target range is being changed and many other improvements are being made on the grounds. There will not be half of the state's forces on the grounds this year, owing to the recent decision of the military advisory board, but it will be much better for those that do go for the reason that they will have more time to drill and practice the art of war.

Some of the military of the state do not fully realize how it came about that just half of the soldiers should be admitted to the camps this year. There are some who think the half who enter this year will take all the money in hand, and the other half will have to depend upon the willingness of the next general assembly for enough to take them through.

This is a misunderstanding of the ruling of the department when it decides to have but half of the forces in the camps this year. The fact is that only one-half of the force will be expanded every year. The law passed by the last general assembly allowed \$20,000 for each of the two years, '92 and '93. Thus it is seen that the forces this year will have their twenty thousand and the other half of the troops next year will have the other twenty thousand.

The half that does not enter this year will have every bit as much money as the half next year.

In 1890 "Brown's Bronchial Trochee" were introduced, and their success as a cure for Coughs, Asthma, and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

For Rent, second story Constitution building. Electric lights and heating complete. Centrally located. The new bridge on Forsyth street will soon be completed. Call upon W. A. Hemphill, business manager.

Will Close Out. Mr. Sam Walker, at 10 Marietta street, has a superior line of picture frames that he desires to sell in job lots. It is all in the latest and most fashionable designs. Great bargains may be had by calling on him or addressing him at 10 Marietta street.

THROUGH CARS. Via the Popular Queen and Crescent Route Cincinnati Limited—Leaves Atlanta via East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway at 1:30 p. m., arrives Cincinnati 7:20 a. m.; Chicago 5:20 p. m. Through Line—Leaves Atlanta 2:40 a. m., East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway, arrives Cincinnati 7:20 p. m., arrives Louisville 3:30 p. m., Shreveport Sleeper—Leaves Atlanta 4:10 p. m., arrives Shreveport 8 p. m., next day, connecting direct with through cars for Texas and the west. feb10-dly

Doctors! Pahaw! Take Becham's Pills.

QUICK TIME TO CHICAGO.

First-Class Accommodations for All World's Fair Visitors.

The Western and Atlantic train leaving Atlanta 8:10 a. m. and arriving Chicago at 10:40 a. m. makes the time in twenty-six hours and thirty minutes and the train leaving Atlanta at 8:20 p. m. and arriving Chicago at 10:40 p. m. makes the quickest time between Atlanta and Chicago. Pullman parlor sleeping cars on both trains and connects at Nashville with the finest on earth. Pullman vestibule trains Nashville to Chicago. apr21-10t

The Boring Property. On Emmett street—eight lots—will be sold this afternoon at half-past 3 o'clock.

Take Marietta street car and get off at Curran street. G. W. ADAIR.

LACE CURTAINS. One thousand pair at 50c on the dollar at M. Rich & Bros.

Telephone, 494. No. 5 North Street. apr21-10t

Books and Pictures. Are going at half prices.

Bank Books. The supplier will be a leading feature of the prompt attention to patrons.

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## YOUTH ASTRAY.

Dr. Sherrill Preaches Upon a Timely Topic.

A PLEA FOR THE YOUTH OF THE LAND

Who Are Treading the Dangerous Paths of Vice and Who Will Go Down if Help Is Not Extended Them.

The story of little Tommie Gramling is attracting much attention.

It is regarded as emphasizing the need of a reformatory, for the detention and care of wayward boys.

Rev. Dr. Sherrill referred to the matter in his sermon in the Church of the Redeemer. He said among other things:

For some time there has been so manifestly needed here a school or house for youth who, through neglect or some untoward, have fallen into habits of vicious life. The case which occurred last week is awakening new interest. The papers are giving it in golden sentences and all feel it. I take it up, not an original nor for thorough discussion, but a word that one pupil at least may say what all thieves and forsythies with that for our city and county, at least, we must have a good reformatory school for the boys who are in the streets. The papers are giving it in golden sentences and all feel it. I take it up, not an original nor for thorough discussion, but a word that one pupil at least may say what all thieves and forsythies with that for our city and county, at least, we must have a good reformatory school for the boys who are in the streets.

I wish more of the good people of the city would go out to the police court and see the boys ten or twelve years old there, and the girls, and what is to be done with them, and what a straight, sure path it is for every one to destruction. You can't forget the boy you see there, some meaning standing before the judge. He is instinct with his energies are in every movement and look, he might be your boy, he might be your son a few years, out for the frictions and home denied him, and now the unwilling voice of the judge speaks the words that he knows and all know, will send him only to become more criminal more hopeless to any good. Boys who are sent to school with brains and energy, who makes the world's very best life when trained; such boys sent to work, to sweep, to cut with thieves and forsythies. Shall we sit still and let this go on? What answer shall we make to our own hearts, and to him, who is in the streets for what evil we can prevent as well as for what we do. Probably the thing needed is a nearer acquaintance, not to convince our minds, but to touch our hearts.

Let me tell you of a little boy twelve or thirteen years old, I met at the jail last summer. Graduated from the education of petty thieves and city stockade, he was sentenced for a state offense. He was down there several months, when there were some of the very worst of crimes committed. He was courteous and would win your heart in spite of yourself. Some of the prisoners invariably look at him with a little money or influence to get out. He never asked for any. Generally they deny any guilt or have some excuse to him, but he had been in the streets and how much. He was sentenced to the years and sent with other criminals to the State reformatory. I wrote him a letter, hoping to encourage him and put a little sunshine into his life—a difficult thing. Did you ever try to say anything cheerful and hopeful to a boy sentenced for five years in a coal mine? I offered to send him the Youth's Companion for the year as a Christmas present, but found he could not read. So I sent him a book to let him know what I could send him that he would be allowed to have. He got some one to write a reply. Said nothing of presents. Was well treated. Most of his letters were thanks over again for the kind words and little things done for him and said he was trying every day to do better. Hoped he would be when his sentence expired.

Another letter last week. He says he has not had a reproof or lost an hour of good time. That asks him to help him and thinks he does, and referring to the fact that he cannot read or write, says if he had a slate and pencil and some primary books he would begin to learn, as he desired very much to do. These will be sent him, and he makes a good will for a boy. Did you ever stay in jail just one whole day, to realize how long a day could be? And all last summer, with not a thing to do, he was here inside the gloomy walls. No going out for him and said he was trying every day to do better. Hoped he would be when his sentence expired.

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